

The Ultrasound Needle Pulse

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Abstract—Recent theoretical developments have defined the conditions for forming a broadband beam that is narrow in axial extent but extended in range. The formulation is based on the classical angular spectrum decomposition and the requirement for arranging all spatial and temporal frequencies such that all components have constant phase propagation between planes. Analytic formulations are given for a 1-D source and a 2-D axisymmetric source, and comparisons are made against conventional focused Gaussian beams under similar conditions relevant to medical imaging systems.

Index Terms—Medical beamforming and beam steering, medical imaging, system and device design, underwater ultrasound.

I. INTRODUCTION

THE study of beam patterns and their use in imaging systems has a long history in optics and acoustics. Imaging systems may transmit spherically spreading waves from small elements, as in synthetic aperture systems, or plane (unfo-

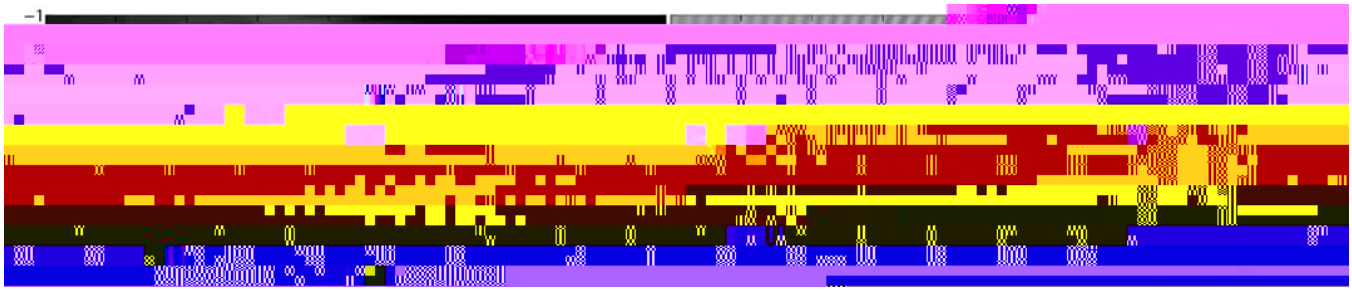
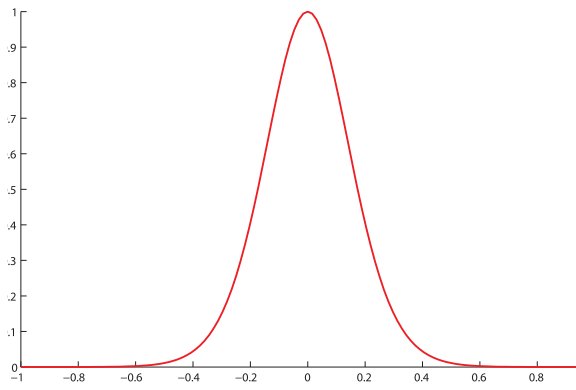


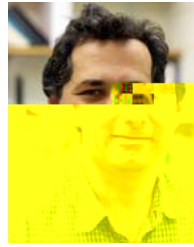
Fig. 2. Amplitude (left) and pressure waves (right) at three time instants (top to bottom, $t = -2, 0,$ and $2 \mu\text{s}$ from peak) resulting from a 2-D array with a center frequency of 6 MHz, 70% bandwidth, and 16-mm square. The source excitation waveform was the real part of (7) with the parameters: $q = 0.4,$ $\omega_L = 2\pi \cdot$





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